Overview comparison of customer-owned & 3rd party-owned residential solar

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Customer experience differs under 3rd-party model:

Explore solar

Complete purchase

Collect tax incentives

Own & maintain system

- Good roof?
- Find an installer
- Receive custom quotes
- Explore financing options

- Have system built
- Write a check (total cost less CSI incentive)
- Finance purchase through savings, home equity loan, or other means
- Collect the ITC (perhaps over multiple years)
- If using a home equity loan, take tax deduction
- Recover investment through reduced electricity bills
- Insure system
- Ensure continual operations, cover repairs when needed

Key characteristics for a traditional solar purchase:

Access to financing

Federal tax capacity

Willingness to own and incur additional cost to maintain solar

Customer experience with 3rd-party model:

- Sign a long-term contract for electricity or to lease the system
- Choose how much to pay up-front
- Not necessary;
 3rd party handles this for customers, incorporates into contract pricing
- Not necessary;
 3rd party
 maintains
 system, provides
 customer with a
 production
 guarantee



Fundamental differences in what is being purchased and where costs are incurred between these models

Customer-owned

3rd party-owned

Product that the customer is purchasing:

A solar facility

X-years of solar power service

Solar costs:

Initial system Included in installed \$/W

Financing Not included, highly custom

Insurance | Not included

Monitoring Not included

Maintenance Not included

Included in installed \$/W

"Covered" by service agreement

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"Covered" by service agreement

All of these costs must be included to assess ! a customer's lifetime cost per kWh for solar



Within 3rd party model, role of 3rd party in providing financing varies according to customer preference

Customer preference

Wants to go solar with **no up-front cost**

Focused on **hedge**value of solar

Wants solar power service without monthly payments

Up-front payment

\$0

\$3,000

\$20,000

Annual escalation

2%

0%

N/A

Payment structure

Monthly

Upfront and monthly

100% upfront

Role of 3rd party in providing finance to customer

Fully provided by 3rd party

Partially provided by 3rd party; customer finances up-front Largely provided by customer; customer finances 100% prepayment,

ILLUSTRATIVE



For a single customer, the implied cost per kWh will differ based on financing choices.



SunRun's perspective on what we believe are the key questions for CSI administrators

per kWh number for all systems?

Can we tailor the CSI data to No; financing costs & lifetime ownership show an apples-to-apples cost costs cannot be captured at installation

- For customer-owned systems, installed \$/W does not capture customer's financing or maintenance costs
- For all systems, fundamental challenges in how customers approach financing precludes consistent data collection

How can consumers make an informed choice about how to adopt solar?

Solicit multiple competitive quotes

- Empowers customers to assess costs and benefits from their own personal perspective
- Historical data is unlikely to have decisive value for a potential customer because:
 - Production is site-specific
 - New companies enter the market
 - Product is not static; offers continually change

How can other stakeholders analyze trends using CSI data?



Increase clarity of existing & future \$/W data

- Third-party providers have different business models so their \$/W data is not uniform
- A new data field could indicate how each provider derives their \$/W data